

Dora María Téllez: Plea for release of political prisoners in Nicaragua

In this YouTube video 19 July 2022, on the occasion of the anniversary of the Sandanista Revolution in Nicaragua, US activist and photographer [Margaret Randall](#) presents an appeal for the release of revolutionary activist Dora María Téllez from imprisonment by the dictatorship of Ortega-Murillo.

Dora María Téllez was one of the military commanders of the Sandanista Revolution in the 1970s and minister for health in the first Sandinista government of 1979-90, where she championed the rights of women and gay and lesbian people. She was arrested and imprisoned by the current Nicaraguan government for her part in opposition to the dictatorship of President Ortega.

Main photo shows Dora María Téllez (in the centre, wearing a black beret) as a military commander during the FSLN conquest of León, Nicaragua (June 1979). Source Wikipedia (Public Domain)

Rising Clyde – latest issue of Scottish Climate Show on “Power To The People!”

The latest issue of Rising Clyde, the Scottish Climate Show hosted by Iain Bruce, is now available on YouTube via the

Independence Live video service.

In this episode, Iain presents activists from the new campaign on the cost of fuel – Power to the People, which is setting up groups across Scotland including in Glasgow.

The activists are:

- [Matt Kerr](#), Glasgow Labour Councillor for Cardonald ward
- [Frances Curran](#), former Scottish Socialist Party Member of the Scottish Parliament and trade union activist
- [Coll McCail](#), youth climate activist and member of Scottish Labour Executive representing young members

Watch the programme here:

Power to the People: Protest against energy price rises

[Power to the People Glasgow](#) has called a protest at the Headquarters of Scottish Power in Glasgow on Friday 12 August 4-6pm to oppose the huge rise in energy prices from 1 October 2022, due to be announced around that time:

**FRIDAY 12TH AUGUST
4-6PM
SCOTTISH POWER HQ**



   @PTTPGLASGOW
 **POWERTOPEOPLE2022@GMAIL.COM**

Power to the People Glasgow social media links and information can be found here: <https://linktr.ee/pttpglasgow>

The Power to the People slogan comes from the Left in the European Parliament and the European Left Party who have a really informative video about the European Energy Market here:

While the UK left the European Energy Market with Brexit, energy prices in the UK are based on the European and global markets and are still influenced by supplies from the EEA/EU

(gas from Norway, electricity from France, the single energy market in Ireland).

Previous Issues

Previous Rising Clyde shows on Independence Live can be found here:

[\(1035\) SHOW: Rising Clyde – YouTube](#)

Ecuador: Victory for indigenous strike movement, but the struggle continues! La lucha continúa!

The 18 day mass strike and protest movement in Ecuador has ended after negotiations with the neo-liberal government resulted in a major victory for the indigenous movement that launched it. [ecosocialist.scot](#) *activists report on the latest developments.*

Negotiations were concluded on 30 June with significant concessions agreed by the government of right wing banker President Lasso. These were greeted with acclaim by indigenous protestors who returned from the capital Quito to be met with mass rallies and triumphant scenes in the areas of the country where they are concentrated (*photos and videos above and below*).

Their leader, Leonidas Iza, was greeted as a hero by the

indigenous population.

Crucially the movement has given the government only **90 days** to show significant progress on implementing the agreement – otherwise the strike will start again

On the price of fuel, one of the major demands, there was only a minor concession. The government agreed to a 15 cent reduction in prices while the movement demands 40 cents. There was debate amongst activists as to whether this meant the mobilisations should continue

However, the protests were never about one issue – the indigenous organisations had put forward a list of ten interlinked and radical demands covering a range of economic, social and ecological issues.

So the fact that Lasso has agreed to stop expansion of extraction of natural resources in indigenous community areas and to give their organisations real rights of veto of any proposed exploitation of the environment is very important. Two decrees were revoked that would have enabled more oil drilling in the Amazon and mining on indigenous and protected lands, as well as in areas that are important water reserves and of archaeological significant.

The government also agreed to increase investment in health and education that has been suffering from massive underinvestment in indigenous areas.

A series of joint commissions will examine other proposals, but the pause in the strike and protest actions is only temporary – in 90 days time the indigenous movement will review the situation, judge whether the government has moved sufficiently, and decide whether to resume the strike and protest action.

Mass protests rock Ecuador capital

The actions were led by the indigenous umbrella organisation [CONAIE \(Confederation of Indigenous Nationalities of Ecuador\)](#) and two other allied groupings, FENOCIN and FEIN. The protest strike was huge among the mainly farming based communities, and many indigenous protestors poured into the capital Quito to rock it with mass demonstrations.

They faced severe repression, with six protestors killed and hundreds beaten and arrested by brutal state forces. On the second day of the strike the leader of CONAIE, Leonardis Iza, was [illegally arrested](#), dragged away in handcuffs by armed forces of the state and held for 24 hours. A mass protest wave against his arrest, supported by worldwide solidarity statements, forced his release and he resumed leadership of the strike movement leading the negotiations with the government.

On three occasions, the government imposed temporary 'states of emergency' in different parts of Ecuador, but were forced to lift each of them as part of the negotiations with the indigenous organisations and as the National Assembly of Ecuador had begun to consider a 'no confidence' motion in the President and demands for negotiations.

The indigenous communities of Ecuador themselves represent only about 1 million people out of 17 million. However more than 60% of the population have some indigenous ancestry. This helps to explain how the movement was able to avoid the ever present danger of isolation. More importantly, however, the indigenous movement has long been seen as **the** point of reference for other social movements, regardless of region or ethnic identity. Some still remember the early years of the century, when the indigenous movement helped to bring down

three unpopular governments. Above all, almost everyone carries fresh memories of the successful, indigenous-led insurrection of October 2019, which is also when the figure of Leonidas Iza first emerged at the centre of the movement.

From the beginning of this nationwide strike on 13 June, the mass protests in Quito began to attract sympathy and support from other workers, from the women's movement, and from students and universities across the country. Perhaps most importantly, they drew support from the poor urban neighbourhoods of the capital and other cities – including a large-scale operation to collect food, blankets and other supplies for the protesters who had arrived from the countryside. For the right wing recently elected President Lasso there was the danger that the movement would spread and unseat him from power. The government therefore moved from initially resisting all the demands to agreeing major concessions.

A Global Climate Justice Movement

This must be regarded as a victory for the indigenous organisations, who emerged more confident and united from the struggle. Their ten point programme of demands must be seen as a model for the type of ecosocialist movement uniting opposition to ecological neo-liberal destruction that the entire world urgently needs.

Awareness is rising globally about the importance of not just the neo-liberal attacks on living standards and the poor, but also on the importance of protecting the natural environment from devastation. Indigenous communities are increasingly seen as in the front line of defence of the planet against rampant extractivism and the need to prevent climate change.

Leonidas Iza addressed last year's 'From the Ground Up' online programme, organised by the UK COP26 Coalition, in preparation for the [ultimately disappointing summit outcome in Glasgow](#). Indigenous activists were evident in the protests in Glasgow during the two weeks of COP26 last November when the city came alight with the global climate justice movement.

More recently indigenous communities in Brazil were praised in the normally silent mainstream British media over their unstinting efforts in exposing the brutal murders of British journalist Dom Phillips and his Brazilian collaborator Bruno Pereira – murders that were clearly directly related to Phillips' exposure of massive commercial exploitation of Amazon rainforest areas that has the backing of Brazil's right wing President Bolsonaro. The full story of Phillips' murder needs to be uncovered.

Tremendous victory but ecosocialist struggle continues

While the concessions by the Ecuadorian government and the scale of the mass protests represent a tremendous victory, the struggle for people and planet continues.

ecosocialist.scot helped to launch [a global petition](#) in solidarity with the struggle in Ecuador in conjunction with organisations across Latin America and other allies. We thank everyone who signed this, including leading Scottish political figures who either signed or indicated they were supportive. Such public shows of solidarity particularly from the states of the 'Global North' helps the protest; but in the light of developments we are suspending the petition and will encourage everyone who signed to continue to back the movement in other ways, including supporting both protests in Britain against

rising energy prices and for [just wage and benefit rises](#) and the struggle [against fossil fuel extraction in the North Sea](#).

If the Ecuadorian government backtracks, then the movement will be back on the streets in a few months and worldwide solidarity will be more needed than ever. The result of the recent elections in Colombia and Chile give encouragement, as does the routing of Macron's candidates and the election of a radical independentist to the French National Assembly from the South American colony of French Guiana. Many eyes will also be on the forthcoming election in Brazil and the potential defeat of Bolsonaro.

But the Ecuadorian indigenous movement has shown that comprehensive ecosocialist-based demands to confront the economic, social and ecological crises, supported by strikes and mass protests, also have a major role to play. [ecosocialist.scot](#) believes we need to build a movement in Scotland that supports those demands and methods, and links up with others across the world in supporting and encouraging a global movement for people and planet.

[ecosocialist.scot](#) editorial board

1 July 2022

Media and information

Video showing the reception to the victory in Cotopaxi and in the capital

[Recibimiento en Cotopaxi. Viva la... – Conaie Comunicación | Facebook](#)

[#EnVivo 🇪🇺 iSolo la lucha nos... – La voz de la Confeniae | Facebook](#)

Ecuador Update! Indigenous communities in Chimborazo, in the central highlands, send reinforcements to the protests in the

capital, Quito [#EcuadorResiste](#) pic.twitter.com/T3gSpMAUbB

– [ecosocialist.scot](#) [#freepalestine#ceasefirenow](#)
(@ecosocialistscl) [June 26, 2022](#)

[#ParoNacional2022Ec](#)

¡El pueblo unido jamás será vencido! esta tarde en Sangolquí, cantón Rumiñahui. [#conaie](#) [#quito](#) pic.twitter.com/AY7R8LqchZ

– CONAIE (@CONAIE_Ecuador) [June 26, 2022](#)

Articles about the struggle from [International Viewpoint](#), online magazine of the [Fourth International](#)

[New lessons from the popular struggle in Ecuador: preliminary ideas – International Viewpoint – online socialist magazine](#)

[Two projects confront each other once more – International Viewpoint – online socialist magazine](#)

[“We demand that the government responds to CONAIE’s 10 points and halts repression” – International Viewpoint – online socialist magazine](#)

[Stop the repression in Ecuador! Solidarity with the indigenous-led strike! – International Viewpoint – online socialist magazine](#)

[An open scenario, with nothing decided in Ecuador – International Viewpoint – online socialist magazine](#)

Summary of the negotiation outcome (in Spanish)



18 DÍAS DE RESISTENCIA JUNIO 2022 LOGROS DEL PARO NACIONAL EN ECUADOR

- ✓ **BAJÓ** el Diesel de **\$1,90 a \$1,75**, la Extra y Ecopaís de **\$2,55 a \$2,40**, es decir menos \$0,15 ctvs por galón. Entraremos en un **proceso de focalización** para los sectores que necesitan más subsidio: agricultores, campesinos, transportistas, pescadores y más.
- ✓ Derogado el Decreto 95, no se ampliará la frontera petrolera, para **proteger los territorios y los derechos colectivos de los pueblos indígenas**.
- ✓ Reformas al Decreto 151 con lo cual **no habrá minería en:**
 - Áreas protegidas y territorios ancestrales;
 - Zonas declaradas como intangibles;
 - Zonas arqueológicas;
 - Áreas de protección hídrica.
- Se garantizará la consulta previa, libre e informada de las comunas, comunidades, pueblos, y nacionalidades indígenas, considerando los estándares dictados por la CIDH y la Corte Constitucional ecuatoriana.
- ✓ Se fortalecen los **operativos y mecanismos de control de precios** en la especulación en el mercado de los productos de primera necesidad (Decreto 452).
- ✓ Se declara en **emergencia el sistema de salud pública**, para entregar inmediatamente medicina e insumos a los hospitales y centros de salud (Decreto 454).
- ✓ Con el Decreto 456:
 - El Bono de Desarrollo Humano subirá de USD 50 a USD 55, beneficiando a 1,4 millones de familias
 - Subsidio en 50% el precio de la urea para pequeños y medianos productores;
 - Reducción de la tasa de interés del 10% al 5% de Banecuador para créditos de hasta USD 3.000;
 - Los préstamos vencidos de hasta USD 3.000 serán condonados.
 - USD 100 millones más para créditos productivos, los cuales serán por hasta USD 20.000 a 10 años plazo y a 5% de interés anual.
- ✓ Se elaborará un proyecto de Ley reformativa al artículo 66 de la Ley Orgánica de la Circunscripción Territorial Especial Amazónica.

Durante 90 días se instalará una mesa técnica de diálogo para dar seguimiento de acuerdos y resolución de los temas pendientes de la agenda nacional de 10 puntos.

Por la contundencia del paro nacional Guillermo Lasso solo apareció en cadenas de televisión y nunca se sentó en la mesa de diálogo, sin embargo, su gobierno se vio obligado a responder al pueblo.

**NO RENUNCIAMOS AL DERECHO A LA RESISTENCIA
SI NO CUMPLEN VOLVEREMOS MILLONES**

